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L

Letter from the Latin alphabet This article is about the letter of the alphabet. For other uses, see L (ambidous). Not to be confused with the Use System TypeAlphabetic and LogographicLanguage of OriginLatinal Language Phone Systems[ɮ][ʎ] [ɫ]/Unicode code pointU+004C. U+006CAlphabetic position 12History DevelopmentM ᵽᴌ lTime period ~-700 to offer Descendants • ꞎ • ᴌ ꞅ • L • ᛚ • ɨ • LSistersЛЉЉ𐌛□ᴌᴌ□it Variations (See among) Other other letters commonly used with lb/x), lj. ll, lyThis section contains IPA phonetic symbols. Without proper delivery of support, you can see question marks, boxes or other symbols instead of Unicode characters. For an introduent guide on IPA symbols, see Help: IPA. ISO basicLatin alphabet Aa Bb Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn 9 Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz vte L is the twelfth letter of modern English alphabet and the ISO basic Latin alphabet. Its name in English is el (expressed/oppressed elsewhere). [1] History Egyptian hieroglyph Phoenicianlamedh Etruscan L GreekLambda Lamedh can come from a pictogram of an oxid or cattle prod. Some suggested a pastor's staff. [2] Used in writing systems Phonetic and phonynamic transcription In phonetic and phonymic transcription, use the International Phonetic Alphabet ⟨l⟩ to represent the lateral alveolar approximately mant. English in English orthography, ⟨l⟩ usually represents the phone/l/which can have multiple sound values, depending on the accent of the speaker, and whether it occurs before or after a voyal. The alveolar lateral approximately mant (the sound represented in IPA by lowercase [l]) finds before a voyer in front of a voyer, such as in lip or mixture, while the velarized alveolar lateral approximately mansion (IPA [ɫ]) occurs in clock and milk. This velarization does not occur in many European languages that ⟨l⟩; it is also a factor that the pronunciation of ⟨l⟩ difficult for users of languages that are not ⟨l⟩ or have different values for it, such as Japanese or some southern dialects of Chinese. A medical condition or speech obstruction that limits the ⟨l⟩ as lambdakism. In English orthography, ⟨l⟩ are often silent in such words as walking or can (although his presence can change the preceding vomit's sound), and it is usually silent in such words like palm and psalm; However, there are some regional variation. Other languages ⟨l⟩ usually represents the sound [l] or another lateral consonants. Common digraphs include ⟨ll⟩, which has a value identical to ⟨l⟩ in English, but has the separate value of voiceless alveolar lateral friklaar (IPA [ɬ]) in Welsh, where it can appear in an initial position. In Spanish, ⟨l⟩ [ʎ], [ʝ], [ʝ], [ɟʝ], or [ʒ], depending on dialect are represented. A pallatal lateral approx or palatal ⟨l⟩ (IPA [ʎ]) comes in many languages, and is represented by ⟨gli⟩ in Italian, ⟨ll⟩ in Spanish and ⟨lh⟩ in Portuguese, and ⟨ḷ⟩ in Latin. In Washo, lower cases represent ⟨l⟩ typical el While capital ⟨L⟩ represents a voiceless cubit sound, a bit like double ⟨ll⟩ in Welsh. Other uses The uppercase L is used as the currency sign for the Albanian leak and the Honduran lempira. It is often used, especially in handwriting, as the currency sign for the Italian lira. It was also frequently used as a substitute for the pound sign (£), based on it. The Roman number L represents the number 50. [3] Forms and variants l forward here. For the azimuthal quantum number, see Azimuthal quantum number. In some sans-serif fonts (ie, fonts), the lowercase ell ⟨l⟩ can be difficult to distinguish from the capital eye ⟨I⟩ or the number one ⟨1⟩. To avoid such confusion, some new fonts have a financial, a curve on the right side of the lowercase ell. Another way of reducing such confusion, increasingly common on European road signs and in advertising, uses a curious, handwriting-style lowercase ell ⟨ℓ⟩. A special literary symbol ⟨ℓ⟩ is sometimes used for this purpose in mathematics and elsewhere. In Unicode, this symbol U + 2113 ℓ SCRIPT KLEIN L with HTML numeric character reference & #8467;. In Japan, for example, it is the symbol for the gallon. However, the International System of Units recommends that Unicode symbols U + 006C l LOWERCASE L or U + 004C L UPPERCASE L are used for the liter. [4] Another solution, sometimes seen in Webtipography, uses a seriffont for the lowercase cell, such as ⟨l⟩, in otherwise sans-serif text. Related characters Descendors ⱡ ɫ ꞎ ᶫ and related characters in the Latin alphabet IPA-specific symbols associated with L: ɩ the Uralic Phonetic Alphabet-specific symbols associated with L:[5] U+1D0C ᴌ Latin LETTER SMALL CAPITAL L with a BEROERT AND U+1D38 L MODIFIER LETTER L : ˡ : L with curl is used in Sino-Tibet Linguistics[7] ꞁ : Turned L was used by William Pryce to spirant the Welsh voted lateral spirant [ɬ][8] It is also used in the Romic alphabet. In Unicode it is U + A780 Ꞁ LATIN UPPERCASE TURNED L, and Your +A781 ꞁ LATIN KLEIN LETTER TURNED L. Other variations are used for phonetic transcription:[9] ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ : Broken L have been used in some medieval Nordic manuscripts[10] Teuthonista phonetic transcription-specific ꞅ symbols associated with R:[11] U+AB37 ꞅ LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH REVERSE LAZINESS ꞅ LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH MIDDLE RING U+AB5D ꞅ MODIFIER LETTER SMALL L WITH REVERSE LAZY S U+AB5E LETTER KLEIN L ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ ꞅ WITH MIDDLE TILDE L with diacritics: It is a good sign to take a healthy relay ꞅ |. Symbols and abbreviations L : Scripture letter L (capital and lowercase, respectively) £ : pound sign : Lira sign ₺ ↑ : Forms of L were used for medieval scribal abbreviations[12] Ancestors and siblings in other alphabet 𐤋 : Semitic letter Lamedh, from which the Symbols originally derived : Greek letter Lambda, from which the following letters originate: Cyrillic letter El λ𝼊 : Coptic letter Lamda ⲗ : Old Italian letter L, what is the ancestor of modern Latin L ᛚ : Runic letter laguz, which is probably from old Courseive L ᒪ : Gothic letter laaz Computer Codes Character Information Preview L l Unicode name LATINS CAPITAL LETTER L   LATIN SMALL LETTER L Encodings decimal witch decimal witch Unicode 76 U + 004C 108 U + 006C UTF-8 76 4C 108 6C Numerical character reference L L l l EBCDIC family 211 D3 147 93 ASCII 1 76 4C 108 6C 1 Also for encoding based on ASCII, including the DEA, Windows, ISO-8859 and Macintosh families of encoding. Other representations NATO phonetic Morse code Lima ▬▬▬▬▬ Signal Flag Semaphore American Manual Alphabet (ASL finger spelling) Braille dots-123 United English Braille References ^ L Oxford English Dictionary, 2nd edition (1989) Merriam-Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unridge. (1993); In 1994 the remedies of Ells, on. Archived from the original on 3 January 2015. Retrieved 12 January 2015. In 1983 Die Burger and folk list of Gordon, Arthur E. (1983) issued a statement. Illustrated Introduction to Latin Epigraphy. University of California Press. P. 44. In 1994, the common course was common to Die Burger and Volksblad. Retrieved 3 October 2015. roman eternals. ^ Unicode Konsortium. Literal symbols. Unicode code cards. Retrieved 9 January 2019. ^ Everson, Michael; et al. (2002-03-20). L2/02-141: Uralic Phonetic Alphabet characters for the UCS (PDF). ^ Ruppel, Klaas; Aalto, Tero; Everson, Michael (2009-01-27). 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